

GCSE MARKING SCHEME

SUMMER 2022

GCSE
CHEMISTRY – UNIT 2
3410U40-1 AND 3410UD0-1 (CONTINGENCY)

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INTRODUCTION

This marking scheme was used by WJEC for the 2022 examination. It was finalised after detailed discussion at examiners' conferences by all the examiners involved in the assessment. The conference was held shortly after the paper was taken so that reference could be made to the full range of candidates' responses, with photocopied scripts forming the basis of discussion. The aim of the conference was to ensure that the marking scheme was interpreted and applied in the same way by all examiners.

It is hoped that this information will be of assistance to centres but it is recognised at the same time that, without the benefit of participation in the examiners' conference, teachers may have different views on certain matters of detail or interpretation.

WJEC regrets that it cannot enter into any discussion or correspondence about this marking scheme.

WJEC GCSE CHEMISTRY

UNIT 2 – CHEMICAL BONDING, APPLICATION OF CHEMICAL REACTIONS AND ORGANIC CHEMISTRY SUMMER 2022 MARK SCHEME

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Marking rules

All work should be seen to have been marked.

Marking schemes will indicate when explicit working is deemed to be a necessary part of a correct answer.

Crossed out responses not replaced should be marked.

Credit will be given for correct and relevant alternative responses which are not recorded in the mark scheme.

Extended response question

A level of response mark scheme is used. Before applying the mark scheme please read through the whole answer from start to finish. Firstly, decide which level descriptor matches best with the candidate's response: remember that you should be considering the overall quality of the response. Then decide which mark to award within the level. Award the higher mark in the level if there is a good match with both the content statements and the communication statements.

Marking abbreviations

The following may be used in marking schemes or in the marking of scripts to indicate reasons for the marks awarded.

cao = correct answer only

ecf = error carried forward

bod = benefit of doubt

FOUNDATION TIER ONLY QUESTIONS

	0.10	otion	Mouking dataila			Marks a	vailable		
	Que	stion	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
1	(a)		award (1) for each correct answer baby-feeding spoon thermochromic (pigment) summer T-shirts photochromic (pigment)	4			4		
	(b)		both wires reform into the shape of a paperclip only the nitinol wire reforms into the shape of a paperclip only the steel wire reforms into the shape of a paperclip neither wire reforms into the shape of a paperclip	1			1		1
			Question 1 total	5	0	0	5	0	1

	0	-4!				Marks a	vailable		
(Ques	stion	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
2 ((a)	(i)	sodium hydroxide is a strong alkali sodium hydroxide is a weak alkali sodium hydroxide is a strong acid sodium hydroxide is a weak acid		1		1		1
		(ii)	green neutral answer – 7		1		1		1
((b)		award (1) for each correct answer nitric acid potassium chloride copper(II) oxide		3		3		

Ouastiss	Mauking datatle			Marks a	vailable		
Question	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
(c) (i)	award (1) for each error identified step 1: test tube step 2: filter paper step 3: zinc (crystals)	3			3		3
(ii)	ZnCl ₂		1		1		
(iii)	the gas pops with a lighted splint the gas turns limewater milky the gas relights a glowing splint	1			1		1
	Question 2 total	4	6	0	10	0	6

	0	-4!	Mantein valle 4-11-			Marks a	available		
	Que	stion	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
3	(a)	(i)	award (1) for each correct answer cryolite negative oxygen	4			4		
		(ii)	graphite $2AI_2O_3 \longrightarrow 4 AI + 3O_2$		1		1		
	(b)		102 (2) if answer incorrect award (1) for any of following 27 + 27 + 16 + 16 + 16 2(27) + 3(16) (2 × Al) + (3 × O)		2		2	2	
	(c)		award (1) for each correct answer low density resists corrosion		2		2		
			Question 3 total	4	5	0	9	2	0

	0	-4!		Maulina dataila			Marks a	vailable		
	Que	stion		Marking details	A01	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
4	(a)			decreases	1			1		
	(b)	(i)		award (2) for all points plotted correctly – tolerance ±½ small square award (1) for any 4 points plotted correctly award (1) for smooth curve		3		3	3	3
		(ii)		40 s		1		1	1	1
		(ii)	I	award (1) for each product formula/symbol ZnSO ₄ + Cu		2		2		
			II	displacement	1			1		
				Question 4 total	2	6	0	8	4	4

	Overtion	Moulding dataile			Marks a	vailable		
	Question	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
5	(a)	Indicative content						
		 visor made of polycarbonate high impact strength – doesn't break when hit transparent – can see through it tent made of coated nylon flexible – easier to handle/pack away waterproof – keeps contents dry 		3	3	6		
		 5-6 marks Correct plastics named for both items; key properties identified with real There is a sustained line of reasoning which is coherent, relevant, substant appropriate scientific terminology and accurate spelling, punctuation and 3-4 marks Correct plastic named for both items; one key property identified with real There is a line of reasoning which is partially coherent, largely relevant, structure. The candidate uses mainly appropriate scientific terminology grammar. 1-2 marks Some key properties identified with attempt at reasons There is a basic line of reasoning which is not coherent, largely irrelevant structure. The candidate uses limited scientific terminology and inaccurate scientific terminology. 	eason give supporte and som	and logic ar. en ed by son e accurat	ne eviden te spelling mited evi	nce and w g, punctud dence an	ith some ation and d with vel	
		0 marks No attempt made or no response worthy of credit.						

0-	4!					Marks a	vailable				
QI	estion	Marking details		AO1	AO2	AO3	AO3 Total Maths 1 1				
(b)	(i)	all plastics are easy to recycle									
		PET, HDPE and PP are easy to recycle	\checkmark								
		PET, HDPE and PVC are difficult to recycle				1	1				
		PVC, LDPE and PS cannot be recycled									
	(ii)	the plastic items still contain food waste	✓								
		not enough plastic items have been collected to make recycling worthwhile									
		the plastic item is made up of more than one type of plastic	\checkmark			2	2				
		too many plastic items have been collected for recycling									
		the plastic items are too large to fit in the incinerator									
	(iii)	clear and colourless HDPE				1	1				
		Que	stion 5 total	0	3	7	10	0	0		

	0	-41				Marks a	vailable		
	Que	stion	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
6	(a)	(i)	award (1) for each correct answer						
			methane						
			H H H—C—C—H H H	3			3		
			C ₃ H ₈						
		(ii)	award (1) for both elements named						
			hydrogen and carbon	1			1		
			neutral answer – symbols or formulae, H / H ₂ / C						
		(iii)	C ₆ H ₁₄	1			1		
	(b)	(i)	H H H—C———C——H Br Br	1			1		
		(ii)	award (1) for each correct answer						
			orange colourless	2			2		2
			answers not linked but no credit for colourless $ ightarrow$ colourless						
	(c)		addition	1			1		
			Question 6 total	9	0	0	9	0	2

	0	-4i	Maukina dataila			Marks a	vailable		
	Que	stion	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
7	(a)	(i)	award (1) each for charge and electronic structure		2		2		
		(ii)	2Na + F ₂ — 2 NaF award (2) for correct equation if incorrect award (1) for correct formula of product		2		2		
	(b)		award (1) for shared pair award (1) for fluorine octet		2		2		

Overtion	Mauking dataila			Marks a	vailable		
Question	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
(c) (i)	award (1) for any of following 436 + 154 add the bond energies 436 and 154 add H—H and F—F		1		1	1	
(ii)	1130		1		1	1	
(iii)	Energy Reaction pathway Energy Reaction pathway Energy Reaction pathway		1		1		
	Question 7 total	0	9	0	9	2	0

COMMON QUESTIONS

	0	41.00		Mauking dataila			Marks a	vailable		
	Ques	uon		Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
8/1	(a)	(i)		naphtha			1	1		
		(ii)		20			1	1		
				accept C ₂₀ / C ₂₀ H ₂₄						
	(b)	(i)		C ₅ -C ₈ accept petrol			1	1	1	
		(ii)		supply is greater than demand for all fractions supply is greater than demand up to C_{16} after which demand is greater than supply demand is greater than supply up to C_{16} after which supply is greater than demand the difference between supply and demand increases up to C_{16} after which it decreases			1	1		
		(iii)	I	C ₈ H ₁₈			1	1		
			II	(addition) polymerisation	1			1		

0	Maultin v datalla			Marks a	vailable		
Question	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
(c)	award (1) for each correct method and factor removed water – heat removed 'beating' – air/oxygen removed accept foam – air/oxygen removed accept dropping powder (from aeroplane) – air/oxygen removed do not accept CO ₂ / fire blanket / any fire extinguisher fire breaks – fuel removed accept bulldozing trees / cutting down trees / back burning award (1) for three correct methods if no other mark awarded		3		3		
	Question 8/1 total	1	3	5	9	1	0

	0	.4!		Moulsing dataile			Marks a	vailable		
	Ques	stion		Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
9/2	(a)	(i)		A sulfur / S (1) B water / H ₂ O (1)	2			2		
		(ii)		catalyst / speeds up the reaction	1			1		
		(iii)		2 SO ₂ + O ₂ \Longrightarrow 2SO ₃ award (2) for correct equation if incorrect award (1) for correct formula of reactant		2		2		
		(iv)	I	decreases			1	1		
			II	300 to 500			1	1	1	
		(v)		H ₂ S ₂ O ₇ accept atoms listed in any order e.g. S ₂ H ₂ O ₇			1	1		
	(b)	(i)		carbon / C (1) steam / water (vapour) / H ₂ O (1)	2			2		2
		(ii)		dehydration / dehydrating accept removes water / removes the elements of water	1			1		1
				Question 9/2 total	6	2	3	11	1	3

HIGHER TIER ONLY QUESTIONS

	0	otion		Mauking dataila			Marks a	available		
	Que	stion		Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
3	(a)	(i)		award (1) for each correct formula						
				A H ₂						
				B NaNO ₃		4		4		
				C Zn(NO ₃) ₂						
				D H ₂ SO ₄						
		(ii)		filter (1)						
				wash (with water) and dry (to constant mass) (1) accept wash (with water) and evaporate to dryness	2			2		2
	(b)	(i)		NaOH + HCl → NaCl + H ₂ O						
				award (1) for correct reactants award (1) for correct products		2		2		
				ignore incorrect balancing						
		(ii)	I	add an indicator (to alkali) (1)						
				add acid (dropwise) until indicator / it changes colour (1)						
				accept named indicator, ignore incorrect colour change	2			2		2
				answers not linked so award (1) for 'add acid until it changes colour'						

Question	Moulcing dataile			Marks a	vailable		
Question	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
	award (1) for either of following add recorded acid volume (to 25.0 cm³ alkali) add same volume of acid and alkali as used in stage 1 without indicator (1)	2			2		2
III	award (1) for any reference to evaporation of water e.g. allow solution to evaporate to dryness leave to evaporate until dry evaporate the water heat to dryness	1			1		1
	Question 3 total	7	6	0	13	0	7

	Ousstie	Maultina deteile			Marks a	vailable		
	Question	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
4	(a)	transfer of one electron from calcium to each chlorine atom (1) can be implied by electrons being in correct place in chloride ions octet in each chloride ion (1) ignore octet included in calcium ion correct charge on all ions – Ca ²⁺ and Cl ⁻ (1)		3		3		
	(b)	H C CI H four shared pairs (1) octet around CI atom (1)		2		2		

0	Manufata walata Ha			Marks a	available		
Question	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Pra
(c)	calcium has metallic bonding / is a metal delocalised/free electrons between positive ions electrons move towards positive terminal electric current is the movement of electrons / electrons carry electricity calcium chloride has ionic bonding / is an ionic substance solid cannot conduct electricity because ions cannot move ions become free when calcium chloride is molten or in solution charged ions travel towards oppositely charged electrodes	6			6		
	5-6 marks Good understanding of the different structures and that electrons move in melted/dissolved There is a sustained line of reasoning which is coherent, relevant, substate appropriate scientific terminology and accurate spelling, punctuation and 3-4 marks Basic understanding of one of the structures and idea that electrons/ions. There is a line of reasoning which is partially coherent, largely relevant, so candidate uses mainly appropriate scientific terminology and some accurate. 1-2 marks Some knowledge of metallic or ionic bonding and structure. There is a basic line of reasoning which is not coherent, largely irrelevant structure. The candidate uses limited scientific terminology and inaccurate.	ntiated and grammar. move whe upported bate spelling	d logically n a substa by some e g, punctua	structured ance cond vidence a ation and g	en ionic co ed. The car ducts elec- and with so grammar.	ricity me structu	es ure. Tr
	No attempt made or no response worthy of credit.						

	0	-4!	Mandain or dataile			Marks a	vailable		
	Que	stion	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
5	(a)	(i)	iron(III) oxide		1		1		
		(ii)	award (1) for either of following this happens as a lower temperature than the melting point of aluminium oxide the melting point of cryolite is lower than the melting point of aluminium oxide accept lowers the melting point of aluminium oxide accept increases conductivity of the electrolyte neutral answer – lowers energy cost	1			1		
		(iii)	award (1) for either of following anode / graphite reacts with oxygen / air anode / graphite is burnt away / used up award (1) for either of following forms carbon dioxide $C + O_2 \rightarrow CO_2$	2			2		
		(iv)	2Al ₂ O ₃ — 4 Al + 3 O ₂ balancing aluminium atoms (1) product (1) discrete marks		2		2		

0	-4!		Maulian dataila			Marks a	available		
Que	estion	'	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
(b)		award (1) for any of followin extraction (of aluminium) is extraction is much more exprecycling is much cheaper the award (1) for reasoning because much larger amount award (1) for reference to contact the extraction of the extraction is much larger.	very expensive pensive than recycling han extraction has of electricity/energy near	2			2		
(c)	(i)	Left-hand side of the membrane Na ⁺ Cl ⁻ H ⁺ OH ⁻ H ⁺ OH ⁻ Cl ⁻ Na ⁺ Cl ⁻ H ⁺ OH ⁻ Na ⁺ Cl ⁻	Right-hand side of the membrane CI- H+ OH- Na+ H+ OH- Na+ H+ OH- Na+ OH-			1	1		
	(ii)	titanium burns in chlorine in aqueo titanium doesn't react with chloring aqueous conditions prevent chlori aqueous conditions prevent chlori sodium chloride	e under any conditions ne from reacting with titanium			1	1		

0	-4i	Moulsing dataile				Marks a	vailable		
Que	stion	Marking details		AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
	(iii)	sodium hydroxide and magnesium hydroxide	\checkmark						
		sodium hydroxide and sodium bromide							
		sodium hydroxide and magnesium bromide				1	1		
		magnesium chloride and sodium							
			Question 5 total	5	3	3	11	0	0

	0	stion	Mauking dataila			Marks a	vailable		
	Que	Suon	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
6	(a)		award (1) for either of following $ C_n H_{2n+1} OH \\ C_n H_{2n+2} O $	1			1		
	(b)	(i)	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1	2		3		
		(ii)	enzyme neutral answers – named enzyme e.g. zymase, biological catalyst	1			1		
	(c)	(i)	butan-1-ol 2-methylpropan-1-ol butan-2-ol 2-methylpropan-2-ol	1			1		

0	-4!	Moulting details			Marks a	vailable		
Que	stion	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
	(ii)	H H H H H	1			1		
		Question 6 total	5	2	0	7	0	0

	0	-4! - :-		Maulina datalla			Marks a	vailable		
	Que	stion		Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
7	(a)	(i)		award (1) for any of following no magnesium remains all the magnesium reacts no silver/grey solid remains only copper can be seen only brown solid can be seen solution is still blue accept all the magnesium dissolves / disappears		1		1		1
		(ii)		award (2) for all points plotted correctly – tolerance ±½ small square award (1) for any 3 points plotted correctly award (1) for straight line		3		3	3	
		(iii)	I	0.07 ecf possible from incorrectly plotted graph			1	1	1	
			II	award (1) for any sensible method e.g. find mass of copper formed when 0.10g of magnesium is added and multiply value by 3 find mass of copper formed when 0.15g of magnesium is added and multiply value by 2 find the mass of copper formed when 0.10g and 0.20g of magnesium are added and add values			1	1	1	

O ti a				Marks a	vailable		
Question	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
(b) (i)	0.0200 (2) if answer incorrect award (1) for $M_{\rm r}({\rm CuSO_4}) = 159.5$		2		2	2	2
(ii)	0.0400 (2) ecf possible from part (i) if answer incorrect award (1) for volume in dm ³ 0.5 $\frac{500}{1000}$		2		2	2	2
	Question 7 total	0	8	2	10	9	5

	Question		Maddin a datalla		Marks available						
	Que	stion	Marking details		AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac		
8	(a)	(i)	945 (2) if answer incorrect award (1) for either of following 3 × 436 1308 ecf possible		2		2				
		(ii)	2346		1		1				
	(b)	(i)	percentage yield decreases as temperature increases do not accept percentage yield decreases with temperature			1	1				
		(ii)	40%			1	1				

O a ati a ra	Mayling details		Marks available						
Question	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac		
(c)	A ammonium chloride / NH ₄ Cl B copper(II) sulfate / CuSO ₄ accept copper sulfate C potassium carbonate / K ₂ CO ₃ accept potassium hydrogencarbonate / KHCO ₃ award (1) for each compound correctly identified if all compounds not correctly identified award (2) for any four ions identified award (1) for any two ions identified accept ions correctly identified in cases where incorrect formulae are given	3			3		3		
	Question 8 total	3	3	2	8	0	3		

FOUNDATION TIER

SUMMARY OF MARKS ALLOCATED TO ASSESSMENT OBJECTIVES

Question	A01	AO2	AO3	TOTAL MARK	MATHS	PRAC
1	5	0	0	5	0	1
2	4	6	0	10	0	6
3	4	5	0	9	2	0
4	2	6	0	8	4	4
5	0	3	7	10	0	0
6	9	0	0	9	0	2
7	0	9	0	9	2	0
8	1	3	5	9	1	0
9	6	2	3	11	1	3
TOTAL	31	34	15	80	10	16

HIGHER TIER
SUMMARY OF MARKS ALLOCATED TO ASSESSMENT OBJECTIVES

Question	AO1	AO2	AO3	TOTAL MARK	MATHS	PRAC
1	1	3	5	9	1	0
2	6	2	3	11	1	3
3	7	6	0	13	0	7
4	6	5	0	11	0	0
5	5	3	3	11	0	0
6	5	2	0	7	0	0
7	0	8	2	10	9	5
8	3	3	2	8	0	3
TOTAL	33	32	15	80	11	18